



SANATANA IRELAND

Child Protection Policy and Code of Behaviour for working with

Children /young people

Contents

1.	Introduction	4
2.	Statement of Policy	5
3.	Promoting Good Practice in our Work with Children and Young People	7
4.	Recruitment and Training	10
5.	Keeping Parents and Guardians informed	12
6.	Procedures for Travel involving Children/Young People	13
7.	Activities involving Overnight Stays Away from Home	14
8.	Working in Partnership with Other Agencies	16
9.	Dealing with Challenging or Disruptive Behaviour	17
10.	Bullying	18
11.	Dealing with a Disclosure of Abuse	19
12.	Role of the Child Protection Officer	20
13.	Reporting Procedure in respect of Child Abuse	22
14.	Action to be taken when an Allegation is made against a Staff Member	24
15.	Complaints Procedure in relation to Child Safety and Protection	26
16.	Record Keeping	27
17.	List of Appendices	29

Appendices

Appendix 1:	Parental/Guardian consent form	30
Appendix 2:	Standard form for reporting child protection and/or welfare concerns to the Health Service Executive	32
Appendix 3:	Acceptance of Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection Policy	35
Appendix 4:	Inter organisational form stating that Garda vetting has been obtained	36

Appendix 5: Incident/accident report form	37
Appendix 6: Reference Form	38
Appendix 7: Recognising child abuse (Children First guidelines)	39
Appendix 8: Protection for Persons Reporting Child Abuse Act	42
Appendix 9: Anti Bullying Policy when working with Children /young people	43
Appendix 10: Complaints Procedure in relation to working with children/young people	47

1. INTRODUCTION

Sanatana Ireland is a non-profit association; our area of operation is Republic of Ireland. The main objective for which the association is established is to develop Vedic Hindu Spiritual and cultural activities among the Hindu community living in the area of operation. As the objectives are incidental and ancillary to the attainment of the main objective, the association is involved in activities to initiate interest in Hindu traditions and Scriptures in children of the Hindu community living in the area of operation. As we are closely working with children and young people, it is necessary to have a child protection policy in place to safe guard children and other vulnerable people and to make sure all children and young peoples are in safe environment while engaging with Sanatana Ireland.

SANATANA IRELAND'S COMMITMENT TO CHILD PROTECTION

Sanatana Ireland is committed to promoting and facilitating the full participation of children and young people in our events. We aim to create a safe and healthy environment for the young people with whom we work and we are committed at all times to ensuring their safety and welfare.

These guidelines are based on “Children First – National Guidance” and “Our Duty to Care – The Principles of Good Practice for the Protection of Children and Young People”.

2. STATEMENT OF POLICY

Sanatana Ireland is fully committed to safeguarding the well-being of all the children and young people with whom we work. Our policy on child protection is in accordance with “Children First”. Sanatana Ireland is committed to promoting the rights of the child including the participation of children and young people in matters that affect them.

A set of guidelines have been introduced by Sanatana Ireland and all staff and volunteers involved in any event with young participants have agreed to adhere to these guidelines.

Sanatana Ireland’s child protection guidelines are set out in this document.

CONTEXT OF THE POLICY

UN Convention on the Rights of the Child

The UN Convention on the Rights of the Child was adopted by the UN in 1989 and ratified by Ireland in 1992. The National Children’s Strategy is based on the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and as such, sets out the vision for children in Ireland over a ten-year period. We believe that all work with children and young people should, by its very nature, recognise, implement and promote the fundamental tenets of the Convention.

The Child Care Act, 1991 defines a child as someone under 18 years of age who is not married. The UN Convention defines a child as someone under 18 years of age and the National Children’s Strategy in Ireland, similarly defines a child as someone less than 18 years of age, who is not married.

Children First National Guidelines for the Protection and Welfare of Children 1999

The Children First Guidelines were issued by the Department of Health and Children in 1999 and outline procedures, which all organisations dealing with children and young people should put in place. They state that all such organisations should put in place a child protection policy tailored to their specific needs. This policy should outline the procedures and arrangements in place to protect children in line with “Children First”. Equally, the policy will provide protection for member in Sanatana Ireland in their work with children.

Our Duty to Care

Our Duty to Care was published by the Department of Health and Children in October 2002. It offers a practical guide to staff and volunteers who work with children by outlining a number of fundamental principles of good practice.

National Children's Strategy

The work of Sanatana Ireland is centered around the implementation and monitoring of the National Children's Strategy. The overall vision of the strategy is; *'An Ireland where children are respected as young citizens with a valued contribution to make and a voice of their own; where all children are cherished and supported by family and the wider society; where they enjoy a fulfilling childhood and realise their potential.'*

3. PROMOTING GOOD PRACTICE IN OUR WORK WITH CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE

Sanatana Ireland have involved children and young people in our work wherever possible. The range of activities which they might be involved in include the following:

- Involvement in on-going *Balagokulam* sessions;
- Involvement in once-off events;
- Representation of young people at national or international events;

This involvement may take a number of different forms. In some cases, children and young people travel to Sanatana Ireland centers for regular classes and in other cases the children and young people travel to a central venue for an event. On some occasions the children or young people may travel with volunteer of Sanatana Ireland to a different part of the country or to another country. Our guidelines cover all the activities and the differing circumstances in our work with young people.

Everybody who works with children has a duty of care to them and this is a responsibility, which must be taken seriously. These guidelines aim to provide information and promote good practice for those involved in working with children in Sanatana Ireland so that member/volunteer will be aware of what to do in situations where the safety or welfare of a child may be at risk.

3.1 Good Practice Guidelines

Safe practice is essential in our work and we have put in place the following procedures to govern our work with children and young people:

- All members/volunteers and those assisting Sanatana Ireland in our work are aware of the good practice guidelines and are familiar with the overall child protection policy of the association;
- Children and young people involved with our work are informed of our guidelines and procedures;
- Parents of children involved with our activity are also informed of our guidelines and procedures;
- Sanatana Ireland will appoint a ‘Child Protection Officer’ to deal with any complaints or issues arising which concern the safety or welfare of any child/young person who attends any events organised by Sanatana Ireland or with Sanatana Ireland member/volunteer. This person is appropriately trained and familiar with the procedures to be followed in the event of an allegation, concern or disclosure of child abuse;
- Sanatana Ireland has put in place an anti bullying policy;
- Sanatana Ireland has put in place a complaints procedure;

- When organising events/classes for children/young people or their attendance at events/meetings, the following information/documentation is requested by Sanatana Ireland in relation to each child/young person attending the event/meeting:
 - A Parental Consent Form – particularly for events involving long distance travel or overnight stays; (see sample in Appendix1)
 - Contact details for the family/guardians, including emergency contact numbers;
 - All relevant medical information;
 - Information relating to any special needs which the child or young person may have in terms of access, diet, language assistance, etc.;
- An appropriate ratio of adults to young people is put in place for each meeting or event held by Sanatana Ireland. The ratio may vary depending on the particular situation, the age of the participants and their dis/ability or other special needs (Where activities involve being away from home overnight, appropriate gender based supervision will be provided - see section 6);
- All adults working with young people directly, including those providing overnight supervision, will have received Garda vetting.
- Staff and facilitators show respect and understanding for the rights, safety and welfare of the children and young people;
- Inappropriate behaviour/language by the children/young people will not go unchallenged;
- A system is in place for recording any incidents or accidents while the child is in the care of Sanatana Ireland (see sample form at Appendix 5);
- A clear system of registration and departure of participants is in place at all events;
- There are clear channels of communication and access to members and volunteers if parents/guardians or children/young people wish to voice their concerns if there is something they are not happy about;
- Sanatana Ireland will make every effort to ensure that during its events, the physical surroundings will be comfortable, fully accessible and appropriate for the work being undertaken;
- Members and volunteers should not take one young person alone in a car on journeys. Where this is unavoidable, it should be with the full consent and knowledge of the parents/guardians and a senior member of trustee in Sanatana Ireland;
- While we recognise that sometimes it is appropriate for member/volunteer to work on a one to one basis with a child or young person, member/volunteers should not spend excessive amounts of time alone with an individual child/young person. Where an adult needs to meet with a

child/young person alone, the door should be left open and another adult informed of the meeting;

- There should be no unnecessary physical contact between an adult and a young person although there are times when for example, placing a hand on a distressed child/young person's shoulder to comfort him/her would be appropriate. Physical contact should only be in response to the needs of the child and should be appropriate to the age and the level of development of the child.
- Sanatana Ireland respects and promotes the principles of equality and diversity and works with all children in a culturally sensitive way within the context of the Irish constitution and law and the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.

4. RECRUITMENT AND TRAINING

Putting in place good procedures in recruitment and training practice is a central element in ensuring the safety and welfare of all adults and young people involved in the organisation.

a. Recruitment

In engaging member (long term, short term or event based) or volunteers for Sanatana Ireland, the following procedures will be followed:

Permanent member of Sanatana Ireland

- The normal recruitment practice of the Civil Service applies which includes the applicant providing the names of two referees (not family members) who are contacted.
- All adults working with young people directly, including those providing overnight supervision, will have received Garda vetting.
- Staff will be given a copy of Sanatana Ireland Child Protection Policy and code of behaviour and will be asked to sign a document certifying that they have read it and agree to abide by its contents and that there is no reason why they would be considered unsuitable for working with children/young people (see App 3).

Volunteers for events

- Where short term assignment for volunteer are awarded for particular event, a clear job description is developed outlining the responsibilities of the job and the reporting procedure;
- The volunteer must supply information of previous, recent experience, particularly all experience relating to working with children/young people;
- Garda vetting will be sought by Sanatana Ireland;
- Volunteer will be given a copy of Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection Policy and code of behaviour and will be asked to sign a document certifying that they have read it and agree to abide by its contents and that there is no reason why they would be considered unsuitable for working with children/young people (see App 3).

Staff and volunteers from another agency/organisation

- When working with staff/volunteers from another agency/organisation in facilitating an event

involving children/young people, such staff/volunteers will be given Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection policy and code of behaviour and will be asked to sign a document certifying that they have read it and agree to abide by its contents and that there is no reason why they would be considered unsuitable for working with children/young people (see Appendix 3);

- For staff/volunteers working directly with children/young people, Garda vetting will be sought by Sanatana Ireland
- If the volunteer/staff has already obtained Garda vetting through their own organisation, in the previous 18 months, a form should be completed by their organisation confirming this fact and a copy of the Garda vetting should be forwarded to Sanatana Ireland (see Appendix 4).

b. Training

All volunteers of Sanatana Ireland will be expected to participate in relevant training from time to time. Those working directly with children/young people must have received some training on the issue of child protection.

Where young people, under 18 years, are assisting in the work of Sanatana Ireland, they will receive appropriate information on Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection Policy and national child protection policy at a level suitable to their age and experience. These young people will always work in partnership with or under the supervision of an adult.

Induction training for any new member will include training on Sanatana Ireland's child protection policy.

5. KEEPING PARENTS AND GUARDIANS INFORMED

Sanatana Ireland will keep parents and guardians informed of all aspects of the program that their child is involved in. It is our policy to share information relating to the program of activities, trips away, transport to and from events, etc. with the parents/guardians. It is our practice to inform parents/guardians first in the event of a child disclosing an incident of abuse, unless this could put the child in danger.

6. PROCEDURES FOR TRAVEL INVOLVING CHILDREN/YOUNG PEOPLE

Where Sanatana Ireland arranges for transport by taxi for children/young people, Sanatana Ireland will request consent from the parent(s)/guardian(s) which will indicate an agreed pick-up and drop-off point. Sanatana Ireland will take all reasonable steps to ensure that “Garda cleared” drivers are used when transporting children and young people.

In the case where a child/young person travels with a member Sanatana Ireland to a meeting or an event, Sanatana Ireland will be responsible for the welfare of the young person while travelling and while at the event. This includes travel abroad. In these instances, parental consent forms must be completed by parents/guardians and a record must be kept of the emergency contact numbers supplied.

7. ACTIVITIES INVOLVING OVERNIGHT STAYS AWAY FROM HOME

Where the activities involve staying away from home overnight a number of additional concerns need to be taken into account. In all cases of residential work with young people, Sanatana Ireland follows the guidelines below:

General guidelines

- Adequate and safe transport arrangements will be made;
- There will be adequate insurance cover for the activities being undertaken;
- Parent/guardian consent will be obtained for each participant, prior to the trip, including information on each participant about the following:
 - Contact details of parent/guardian and another person named by the parent/guardian in the event of the parent/guardian not being available in an emergency
 - All relevant medical information for the participant and consent for medical intervention, if necessary
 - Any special needs which the participant may have, including diet, medical needs, support needs, etc;
- All relevant information including contact details, allergies, medicines, dietary needs etc. for the child or young person will be kept with a member on the trip.
- Parents/guardians will be fully informed of the programme or timetable for the event and will receive a copy of the programme;
- Parents will be given full contact details of the centre/hotel/accommodation and also of the staff member in charge of the event;
- Sanatana Ireland will ensure that the physical surroundings are safe, comfortable, accessible and appropriate for the work being undertaken;
- There will be an appropriate ratio of adults to young people at the event – this may vary depending on the age and ability of the group involved;
- There will be appropriate gender based supervision for the event;○ Accommodation will be provided in single sex rooms, and dormitories will not be shared with non-group members;
- All staff and leaders of Sanatana Ireland, who work on a residential event with young people, will have received Garda vetting;

- Sanatana Ireland have a system in place for recording any accidents or incidents while in the care of Sanatana Ireland;
- One senior member of Sanatana Ireland will be designated as the ‘key contact person’ for the event and parents/guardians and participants will be given contact details of this person. All complaints, concerns, etc should be directed to this person (with the exception of complaints in relation to the safety and welfare of the children/young people).
- Parents/guardians will also be given the contact details of Sanatana Ireland’s Child Protection Officer. Complaints in relation to the safety and welfare of the children/young people should be made to the Child Protection Officer in Sanatana Ireland.

Code of behaviour for events

- All staff/leaders will show respect and understanding for the children/young people involved;
- Inappropriate behaviour/language will not go unchallenged;
- A list of ‘ground rules’ will be drawn up for each event, with the participation of the children/young people and these will be distributed to all participants and will be signed up to, prior to the event. The ground rules will be displayed in the meeting rooms during the event;
- The privacy of the participants will be respected at all times and particularly in dormitories, changing rooms, showers and toilets;
- Participants should be encouraged to report to a staff member any cases of bullying and the staff member in charge must be made aware of this;
- Staff/leaders should avoid showing favouritism towards any one participant and should ensure that the relationship is constructive and aims to build the independence and autonomy of the participants.

Training for Volunteers

Volunteers working on the event will have received full briefing in the following areas:

- The work and the policies of Sanatana Ireland;
- Particular skills training appropriate to the nature of the work and the specific event taking place;
- Child protection training with reference to the policy of Sanatana Ireland.

8. WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER AGENCIES

In many instances Sanatana Ireland will work collaboratively with other agencies in organising events with children/young people involved. There are many different forms that this work may take. However, where the event is being run in the name of Sanatana Ireland, our Child Protection guidelines will apply. The staff/volunteer recruitment practices which apply are listed in Section 4.

9. DEALING WITH CHALLENGING OR DISRUPTIVE BEHAVIOUR

Volunteer/member who deal directly with children and young people will be given guidance and support in dealing with difficult behaviour. Sanatana Ireland ensures that the safety and welfare of the children and young people is a priority and that member/volunteer will deal sensitively and professionally with any difficult issues that may arise. Where instances of challenging or disruptive behaviour occur with children/young people, a record will be kept of this where the instance requires the intervention of a worker or volunteer or where the safety and well being of others are at risk. In a case of such behaviour, two workers/volunteers should be present in dealing with the situation. Members/volunteers who are present at the time, should complete the incident/accident report form (see Appendix 5).

The report of the incident should include:

- The programme or activity which was happening at the time;
- Date of Incident;
- A record of what happened;
- Details of who was involved;
- Details of where and when it happened;
- A record of any significant comments;
- A record of any injury to person or property;
- Details of how the situation was resolved or left.

10. BULLYING

Bullying behaviour can be defined as repeated aggression be it verbal, psychological or physical which is conducted by an individual or group against others.

Examples of bullying include:

- Teasing
- Taunting
- Threatening
- Hitting
- Extortion
- Exclusion.

Sanatana Ireland will not tolerate any bullying behaviour by children/young people or adults and will deal with any incidents immediately in accordance with Sanatana Ireland's anti-bullying policy when working with children and young people (Appendix 9).

11. DEALING WITH A DISCLOSURE OF ABUSE

Sanatana Ireland values and encourages the full participation of children and young people in many aspects of our work and we strive to ensure that the experience of the child/young person in our work is a happy and productive one. In the event of a child/young person disclosing an incident of abuse it is essential that this is dealt with sensitively and professionally by the staff member/volunteer involved. The following are guidelines to support the member/volunteer in this:

- React calmly;
- Listen carefully and attentively; take the young person seriously;
- Reassure the young person that they have taken the right action in talking to you;
- Do not promise to keep anything secret;
- Ask questions for clarification only. Do not ask leading questions;
- Check back with the child/young person that what you have heard is correct and understood;
- Do not express any opinions about the alleged abuser;
- Record the conversation as soon as possible, in as much detail as possible. Sign and date the record;
- Ensure that the child/young person understands the procedures which will follow;
- Pass the information to the Child Protection Officer, do not attempt to deal with the problem alone;
- Treat the information confidentially.

12. ROLE OF THE CHILD PROTECTION OFFICER

The Child Protection Officer in Sanatana Ireland has the ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the child protection and welfare policy of Sanatana Ireland is promoted and implemented. A Deputy Child Protection Officer in Sanatana Ireland will take over the responsibilities of the Child Protection Officer if they are unavailable for a significant amount of time.

The role of the Child Protection Officer involves the following duties:

- To be familiar with “Children First”, National Guidelines for the Protection and Welfare of Children and “Our Duty to Care”, the principles of good practice for the protection of children & young people and to have responsibility for the implementation and monitoring of the child protection and welfare policy of Sanatana Ireland;
- To receive reports of alleged/suspected or actual child abuse and act on these in accordance with the guidelines;
- To ensure that training is provided for all new and existing member/volunteer in Sanatana Ireland on the child protection policy;
- To build a working relationship with the Health Service Executive (HSE), An Garda Síochána and other agencies, as appropriate;
- To ensure that supports are put in place for the young person, employees or volunteers in cases of allegations being made;
- To keep up to date and undertake relevant training on child protection policy and practice, in order to ensure the relevance and appropriateness of Sanatana Ireland’s policy and procedures in this area;
- To review Sanatana Ireland policy and procedures on child protection on an annual basis and amend as appropriate;
- To ensure that systems are in place for recording and retaining all relevant documentation in relation to child protection issues.

Child Protection Officer for Sanatana Ireland

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13. REPORTING PROCEDURE IN RESPECT OF CHILD ABUSE

Sanatana Ireland has put in place a standard reporting procedure for dealing with disclosures, concerns or allegations of child abuse.

Definition and Recognising Child Abuse

Child abuse can be categorised into four different types: neglect, emotional abuse, physical abuse and sexual abuse. A child may be subjected to one or more forms of abuse at any given time. Definitions of the four types of abuse, how to recognise abuse and an explanation of “reasonable grounds for concern” are included in Appendix 7, which is based on “Children First – National Guidelines for the Protection and Welfare of Children”.

Responsibility to Report Child Abuse

Everyone must be alert to the possibility that children with whom they are in contact may be experiencing abuse or have been abused in the past. This is an important responsibility for staff and volunteers when working with children and young people.

The guiding principles in regard to reporting children abuse are summarised as follows:

- The safety and well-being of the child or young person must take priority
- Reports should be made without delay to the HSE
- While the basis for concern must be established as comprehensively as possible, children or parents should not be interviewed in detail about the suspected abuse.

The reporting procedure for dealing with disclosures, concerns or allegations of child abuse is outlined in the following steps:

- The employee or volunteer who has received a disclosure of child abuse or who has concerns of abuse, should bring it to the attention of the Child Protection Officer immediately.
- The Child Protection Officer will assess and review the information that has been provided. The CPO may contact the HSE for informal advice relating to the allegation, concern or disclosure.
- After consultation with the HSE officials, the Child Protection Officer will then take one of two options:
 - Report the allegation, concern or disclosure to the HSE or
 - Not make a formal report to HSE but keep a record of the concerns on file. The reasons for not reporting the allegation, concern or disclosure will be clearly recorded. The employee/volunteer who made the initial report will be informed if a formal report is not

being made to the HSE and it is open to him/her to make a formal report themselves, directly to the relevant authority if they feel this is necessary.

- Where a formal report is made the HSE will then liaise with An Garda Síochána. It is likely that the HSE will want to speak to the person who first made the report to clarify facts and the circumstances of the report.

In an emergency a report should be made directly to An Garda Síochána.

In making a report on suspected or actual child abuse, the individual must ensure that the first priority is always for the safety and welfare of the young person and that no young person is ever left in an un-safe situation.

Parents/guardians of the child will be informed of the allegation, concern or disclosure unless doing so is likely to endanger the child.

Information required when making a report

The more information which is gathered and put together on the Standard Reporting Form which has been adopted by Sanatana Ireland (see Appendix 2) the easier it will be to assess an allegation, concern or disclosure of abuse. Reports, which are made anonymously, will be followed up but this may take longer and will make it more difficult for the professionals involved to assess the situation. If a person is unsure about the case, it may be useful to talk over the issue with the Child Protection Officer or with a HSE worker before making an official report.

Confidentiality

In matters of child abuse, an employee/volunteer should never promise to keep secret, any information which is divulged. It should be explained to the young person that this information cannot be kept secret but only those who need to know, will be told.

It is essential in reporting any case of alleged/suspected abuse that the principle of confidentiality applies. The information should only be shared on a 'need to know' basis and the number of people that need to be informed should be kept to a minimum.

The Protections for Persons Reporting Child Abuse Act, 1998

This Act provides immunity from civil liability to persons who report child abuse 'reasonably and in good faith' to the Child Protection Officer, the HSE or An Garda Síochána [see Appendix 8 for further details].

14. ACTION TO BE TAKEN WHEN AN ALLEGATION IS MADE AGAINST A VOLUNTEER/MEMBER

Where an allegation of abuse is made against a member/volunteer of the DCYA, there are two procedures that Sanatana Ireland will put in place:

- The reporting procedure in respect of the child;
- The procedure for dealing with the member/volunteer.

In the case of the allegation being against a member/volunteer of Sanatana Ireland, the same person will not deal with both the young person and the alleged abuser. The Child Protection Officer will follow the normal reporting procedure in Sanatana Ireland. It will be the responsibility of trustee committee of Sanatana Ireland to deal with a staff member against whom an allegation has been made.

If there is an allegation or suspicion in relation to a trustee committee member including President of Sanatana Ireland, the Secretary General in the Department of Health and Children will deal with all aspects relating to them.

If there is an allegation or suspicion in relation to the Child Protection Officer, the President will deal with all aspects of the case, including the reporting procedure.

If an allegation is made against an employee of the DCYA the following steps will be taken:

- The trustee committee of Sanatana Ireland will deal with all aspects of the case relating to the member/volunteer.
- The allegation will be assessed by the Child Protection Officer to establish if there are reasonable grounds for concern and whether a formal report will be made to the statutory authorities, at this point. The CPO may wish to contact the HSE for advice on the issue.
- The safety of the child is the first priority of Sanatana Ireland and all necessary measures will be taken to ensure that the child is safe. The measures taken will be proportionate to the level of risk.
- Sanatana Ireland will ensure that no other children/young people are at risk during this period and will inform other relevant agencies or parents/carers as appropriate.

- The measures which can be taken to ensure the safety of children and young people can include the following: suspension of duties of the person accused, re-assignment of duties where the accused will not have contact with children/young people, working under increased supervision during the period of the investigation or other measures as deemed appropriate.
- If a formal report is being made the employer will notify the employee that an allegation has been made and what the nature of the allegation is. The employee has a right to respond to this and this response should be documented and retained.
- Sanatana Ireland will ensure that the principle of ‘natural justice’ will apply whereby a person is considered innocent until proven otherwise.
- Sanatana Ireland will work in co-operation with An Garda Síochána and the HSE and any decisions on action to be taken in regard to the employee will be taken in consultation with these agencies.
- The person against whom the allegation is made will need support during this period and Sanatana Ireland will provide advice on how to access the relevant support services.

In the case of an allegation being made against a volunteer within Sanatana Ireland’s the Child Protection Officer will deal with the issue as outlined in the steps above.

15. COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE IN RELATION TO CHILD SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Sanatana Ireland is committed to ensuring the safety and welfare of all children/young people with whom we work. Sanatana Ireland has put in place a complaints procedure (Appendix 10) to cover any situations, which may arise, when children/young people or their parents/guardians are not happy with the way the children/young people were treated by Sanatana Ireland. Complaints regarding the safety and welfare of children/young people should be directed to the Child Protection Officer in Sanatana Ireland. Other complaints should be directed to the person with whom the child/young person dealt with or the head of the relevant section in Sanatana Ireland.

16. RECORD KEEPING

The Child Protection Officer and the Deputy Child Protection Officer are responsible for keeping the following records related to Child Protection in a locked filing cabinet. The Child Protection Officer, the Deputy Child Protection Officer and the President of Sanatana Ireland are the only officers who have access to these records:

- Any complaints about the safety and welfare of children/young people while working with Sanatana Ireland;
- Any disclosures, concerns or allegations of child abuse;
- The follow up to any complaints, disclosure, concerns or allegations, including informal advice from the HSE, reports to the HSE and informing parents/guardians;
- Any bullying complaints related to Sanatana Ireland work with children/young people and the follow up action;
- Signed acceptance forms of Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection Policy by st members, people on short-term contracts, staff/volunteers from other agencies working on Sanatana Ireland's projects.

The Communications team are responsible for keeping the following records in a locked filing cabinet. The Communications team members, the Child Protection Officer, the Deputy Child Protection Officer and the President of Sanatana Ireland are the only officers who have access to these records:

- All Garda Vetting Forms;
- All Parental/Guardian Consent Forms.

Note:

1. *A computer record of Garda Vetting is also kept. This will be password protected and access will be restricted to the communications team, the Child Protection Officer, the Deputy Child Protection Officer and the President of Sanatana Ireland.*
2. *A record of the Garda Vetting received by Taxi Drivers will be kept by the Corporate Services team for administrative purposes.*

Sanatana Ireland holds records in accordance with the National Archives Act 1986. This means that no records can be destroyed without the permission of the National Archives. Sanatana Ireland will discuss with the National Archives the appropriate length of time to hold the above records and this policy will be updated accordingly once agreement has been reached.

17. LIST OF APPENDICES

Forms

Appendix 1: Parental/Guardian consent form

Appendix 2: Standard form for reporting child protection and/or welfare concerns to a HSE

Appendix 3: Acceptance of Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection Policy

Appendix 4: Inter organisational form stating that Garda Vetting has been obtained

Appendix 5: Incident/accident report form

Appendix 6: Reference Form

Supporting Information

Appendix 7: Recognising child abuse (Children First guidelines)

Appendix 8: Information on Protection of Persons Reporting Child Abuse Act

Sanatana Ireland's Policies and Procedures

Appendix 9: Sanatana Ireland's Anti Bullying Policy when working with children/young people

Appendix 10: Sanatana Ireland's Complaints Procedure in relation to working with children/young people

2. Name _____

Daytime phone number: _____

Home phone number: _____

Mobile number: _____

Email: _____

In case of a medical emergency:

In the event of illness or accident, I give permission for medical treatment to be administered where considered necessary by a suitably qualified medical practitioner and/or hospital. I understand that every effort will be made to contact me as soon as possible. In an emergency I can be contacted at the following telephone numbers:

I agree to allow the child named above to attend meetings of the _____ working group of Sanatana Ireland during the period _____ to _____. I understand that there will be suitable supervision while the young people are in the care of Sanatana Ireland. I understand that the proceedings may be photographed/videoed and used for promotional purposes.

Signed: _____ Name (block letters) _____
(Guardian) (Guardian)

Signed: _____
(Young person)

Address: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Relationship to Child/Young Person: _____

APPENDIX TWO

SAMPLE ONLY (Copies of official form available in the office)

Standard Form For Reporting Child Protection and/or Welfare Concerns to the Health Service Executive (HSE)

Private and Confidential

In case of emergency or outside HSE hours, contact should be made with An Garda Síochána.

A. To Principal Social Worker/Designate: _____

This will be printed as relevant to each Community Care Area.

1. Details of Child:

Name: _____

Male

Female

Address: _____

Age/D.O.B.: _____

School: _____

1a. Name of Mother: _____

Name of Father: _____

Address of Mother if different to Child: _____

Address of Father if different to Child: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Telephone Number: _____

1b. Care and custody arrangements regarding child, if known:

1c. Household Composition:

Name	Relationship to Child	Date of Birth	Additional Information eg School/Occupation

Note: A separate report form must be completed in respect of each child being reported.

2. Details of concern(s), allegation(s) or incident(s), dates, times, who was present,description of any observed injuries, parent’s view(s), child’s view(s) (if known).

3. Details of person(s) allegedly causing concern in relation to the child:

Name: _____ Age _____ Male Female
Address: _____
Relationship to Child: _____
Occupation: _____

4. Name and Address of other personnel or agencies involved with this child:

Social Workers: _____ School: _____
Public Health Nurse: _____ Gardaí: _____
GP: _____ Pre-School/Crèche/Youth Club: _____
Hospital: _____
Other, Specify e.g. Youth Groups, After School Clubs: _____

5. Are Parents/Legal Guardians aware of this referral to the Social Work Department?

Yes No

If yes, what is their attitude? _____

6. Details of Person Reporting Concerns:

Name: _____ Occupation: _____
Address: _____
Telephone Number: _____
Nature and extent of contact with Child/Family: _____

7. Details of Person completing form:

Name: _____ Date: _____
Occupation: _____ Signed: _____

Guidance Notes:

The HSE area Boards have a statutory responsibility under the Child Care Act, 1991, to promote the welfare and protection of children in their area. HSE Area Boards therefore have an obligation to receive information about any child who is not receiving adequate care and/or protection.

This reporting form is for use by:

- HSE Personnel
- Professionals and individuals in the provision of child care services in the community who have service contracts with the HSE
- Designated person in a voluntary or community agency
- Any professional, individual or group involved in services to children who becomes aware of a child protection or welfare concern, or to whom a child protection or child welfare concern is reported.

Please fill in as much information and detail as is known to you. (HSE personnel should do this in consultation with their line manager). This will assist the Social Work Department in assessing the level of risk to the child, or support services required. If the information requested is not known to you, please indicate by putting a line through the question. It is likely that a social worker will contact you to discuss your report. The HSE Area Boards aim to work in partnership with parents. If you are making this report in confidence you should note that the HSE cannot guarantee absolute confidentiality as:

- A Court could order that information be disclosed.
- Under the Freedom of Information Act, 1997, the Freedom of Information Commissioner may order that information be disclosed.

You should also note that in making a ‘bona fide report’ you are protected under the Protection for Persons Reporting Child Abuse Act, 1998. If you are unsure if you should report your concerns, please telephone the duty social worker and discuss your concerns with him/her.

APPENDIX THREE

Acceptance of Sanatana Ireland’s Child Protection Policy

Declaration from all staff and volunteers working with children and young people

Surname _____ Forename _____

Date of Birth _____

Address _____

Contact Phone Number _____

I have read Sanatana Ireland’s Child Protection Policy and code of behaviour and agree to abide by its contents.

Signature _____

Date _____

There is no reason why I would be considered unsuitable to work with children or young people.

Signature _____

Date _____

APPENDIX FOUR

Inter-organisational form stating that Garda Vetting has been obtained

Surname _____ Forename _____

Date of Birth _____ Place of Birth _____

Address _____

Contact Phone Number _____

I have received Garda vetting in the past 18 months in relation to my current work with children/young people,

Yes No

This vetting was completed on _____

Signature _____

Date _____

This section to be completed by the organisation, which obtained the Garda vetting for the individual named above.

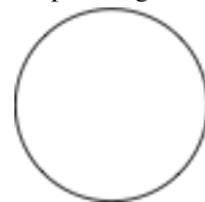
I confirm that this person has received Garda vetting to work with children/young people in the past 18 months.

Name _____

Signature _____

Address _____

Stamp of Organisation



APPENDIX FIVE

Incident/accident report form

Name of event/meeting where the incident/accident occurred _____

Date _____

Location _____

Briefly describe what happened _____

Who was involved _____

Any injury sustained? _____

Who dealt with the situation? _____

How was it resolved/dealt with? _____

Any follow up required? _____

Please attach any additional information if required _____

Signature: _____

Name (block letters): _____

APPENDIX SIX
Reference Form

Confidential

_____ has applied to work with the Sanatana Ireland and has given your name as a referee.

This post involves substantial access to children and young people and as an organisation committed to the welfare and protection of children and young people, we need to know if you have any reason at all to be concerned about this applicant being in contact with children or young people.

Yes

No

If you have answered yes, we will contact you in confidence.

If you are happy to complete this reference form, all information contained on the form will remain confidential and will only be shared with the applicant's immediate supervisor, should they be offered a position. It is very important that this reference form accurately reflects your knowledge and experience of the named person.

How long have you known this person? _____

In what capacity? _____

What attributes does this person have which you would consider makes them suitable to work with children and young people ?

Please rate this person on the following (Please tick)

	Poor	A verage	Good	V. Good	Excellent
Responsibility					
Maturity					
Self Motivation					
Motivation of others					
Trustworthiness					
Reliability					

Signed _____

Date _____

Occupation _____

APPENDIX SEVEN

Recognising Child Abuse

Definition and Possible Physical and Behavioural Indicators of Child Abuse

Neglect

Neglect can be defined in terms of an omission, where the child suffers significant harm or impairment of development by being deprived of food, clothing, warmth, hygiene, intellectual stimulation, supervision and safety, attachment to and affection from adults, medical care. Neglect generally becomes apparent in different ways over a period of time rather than at one specific point.

Possible indicators of this type of abuse are:

- Frequent minor or serious injuries
- Untreated illness
- Hunger, lack of nutrition
- Tiredness
- Inadequate and inappropriate clothing
- Lack of supervision
- Low self esteem
- Lack of peer relationships

Emotional

Emotional abuse is normally to be found in the relationship between a care-giver and a child rather than in a specific event or pattern of events. It occurs when a child's need for affection, approval, consistency and security are not met. Unless other forms of abuse are present, it is rarely manifested in terms of physical signs or symptoms.

Possible indicators of this type of abuse are:

- Unreasonable mood and/or behavioural changes
- Aggression, withdrawal or an 'I don't care attitude'
- Lack of attachment
- Low self esteem
- Attention seeking
- Depression or suicide attempts
- Persistent nightmares, disturbed sleep, bedwetting, reluctance to go to bed
- A fear of adults or particular individuals e.g. family member, baby-sitter or indeed excessive clinginess to parents/carers
- Panic attacks

Physical

Physical abuse is any form of non-accidental injury or injury which results from wilful or neglectful failure to protect a child.

Possible indicators of this type of abuse are:

- Frequent bruising, fractures, cuts, burns and other injuries
- Torn clothing
- Bite marks burns or welts
- Bruises in places difficult to mark e.g. behind ears, groin
- Undue or unnecessary fear
- Aggressiveness or withdrawn
- Absconding frequently from home

Sexual

Sexual abuse occurs when a child is used by another person for his or her gratification or sexual arousal or for that of others.

- Possible indicators of this type of abuse are:
- Over affectionate or inappropriate sexual behaviour
- Age inappropriate sexual knowledge given the child's age, which is often demonstrated in language, play or drawings
- Fondling or exposure of genital areas
- Hints about sexual activity
- Unusual reluctance to join in normal activities which involve undressing, e.g. games/ swimming

Indicators of Abuse are Not Facts

It is important to stress that no one indicator should be seen as conclusive in itself of abuse; it may indeed indicate conditions other than child abuse. A cluster or pattern of signs is likely to be more indicative of abuse. Signs must also be considered in the child's social and family context, as child abuse is not restricted to any socio economic group, gender or culture. It is important to always be open to alternative explanations for possible physical or behavioural signs of abuse.

Reasonable Grounds for Concern

The statutory authorities should always be informed when a person has reasonable grounds for concern that a child may have been abused, or is being abused, or is at risk of abuse. A suspicion that is not supported by any objective indicator of abuse or neglect would not constitute reasonable grounds of for concern.

The following examples would constitute reasonable grounds for concern:

- I. specific indication from the child that s/he was abused;
- II. an account by the person who saw the child being abused;
- III. evidence such as injury or behaviour which is consistent with abuse and unlikely to be caused in any other way;
- IV. an injury or behaviour, which is consistent both with abuse and with an innocent explanation but where there are corroborative indicators supporting the concern that it may be a case of abuse. An example of this would be a pattern of injuries, an implausible explanation, other indications of abuse, dysfunctional behaviour;
- V. consistent indication, over a period of time, that a child is suffering from emotional or physical neglect.

A suspicion, not supported by any objective indication of abuse or neglect, does not constitute a reasonable suspicion or reasonable grounds for concern. (*Children First 1999, 4.3.2 and 4.3.3*)

APPENDIX EIGHT

Protection for Persons Reporting Child Abuse

The Protection for Persons Reporting Child Abuse Act, 1998 provides immunity from civil liability to persons who report child abuse “reasonably and in good faith” to the HSE or An Garda Síochána. This means that even if a reported suspicion of child abuse proves unfounded a plaintiff who took an action would have to prove that the reporter had not acted reasonably and in good faith in making the report.

This protection applies to organisations and to individuals. It is considered therefore that organisations should assume full responsibility for reporting suspected child abuse to the appropriate authorities. Reports to the HSE and to the Gardaí should be made by the Child Protection Officer, as per the organisation’s policy and guidelines.

Section 3 (1) of the Act states:

“3. (1) A person who apart from this section, would be so liable shall not be liable in damages in respect of the communication, whether in writing or otherwise, by him or her to an appropriate person of his or her opinion that-

- a) a child has been or is being assaulted, ill-treated, neglected or sexually abused, or*
- b) a child’s health development or welfare has been or is being avoidably impaired or neglected,*

unless it is proven that he or she has not acted reasonably and in good faith in forming that opinion and communicating it to the appropriate person”.

APPENDIX 9

Anti Bullying Policy when working with children/young people

What is bullying?

Bullying behaviour can be defined as repeated aggression be it verbal, psychological or physical which is conducted by an individual or group against others.

Examples of bullying include:

- Teasing
- Taunting
- Threatening
- Hitting
- Extortion
- Exclusion

Sanatana Ireland's Policy on Bullying when working with children/young people

Sanatana Ireland will not tolerate any bullying behaviour by children/young people or adults and will deal with any incidents immediately in accordance with this policy. This policy covers:

- Children/young people bullying other children/young people;
- Adults bullying children/young people;
- Children/young people bullying adults.

The policy is as follows:

- All children/young people and adults who participate in activities run by Sanatana Ireland will be treated with dignity and respect by adults and by other children/young people and will not be subject to bullying.
- All children/young people and adults who participate in activities run by Sanatana Ireland have a responsibility to treat other children/young people and adults with dignity and respect and refrain from bullying behaviour.
- It will be made clear to all children/young people and adults participating in Sanatana Ireland's events/activities that bullying is not acceptable and that other children/young people and adults should be treated with dignity and respect.

- There will be adequate supervision by Sanatana Ireland or other staff/volunteers at all events/activities involving children/young people. This will help to prevent bullying.
- Sanatana Ireland or other staff/volunteers will monitor all events/activities run by Sanatana Ireland involving children/young people to ensure that no bullying is taking place.
- If a Sanatana Ireland or other staff/volunteer witnesses bullying or suspects that bullying is taking place he/she will follow the procedure outlined below.
- If a child/young person witnesses bullying or suspects that bullying is taking place he/she should report it to a Sanatana Ireland or other staff/volunteer. Sanatana Ireland or other staff/volunteer will follow the procedure outlined below.
- If a child/young person is the victim of bullying he/she should report it to a Sanatana Ireland or other staff/volunteer who will follow the procedure outlined below.

Procedure for dealing with bullying

- All reports of bullying will be recorded, investigated and dealt with by an appropriate Sanatana Ireland member or other volunteer.
- Sanatana Ireland or other staff member who has received the complaint or witnessed the bullying will consult with Sanatana Ireland's Child Protection Officer, if present or the most senior Sanatana Ireland member present to decide who is the most appropriate person to follow up on the complaint.
- The staff member dealing with the complaint will keep a record of the alleged bullying incident/s and the investigation and action taken.
- The staff member dealing with the complaint will speak separately to all involved in order to get all sides of the story. The staff member should also speak to others who may have witnessed the incident/s, if appropriate. The staff member will interview all involved in a calm manner and will seek answers to what, where, when, who and why.
- If the victim of the alleged bullying is a child their parent/guardian will be informed of the complaint and the outcome of the investigation.

- If the perpetrator of the alleged bullying is a child their parent/guardian will be informed of the complaint and the outcome of the investigation.
- If the perpetrator of the alleged bullying is an adult, the President of Sanatana Ireland or the parent organisation of the staff member/volunteer (if appropriate) will be informed of the complaint and the outcome of the investigation.
- If the staff member dealing with the complaint concludes that bullying has not taken place, the following action will be taken:
 - The complainant, alleged victim and alleged perpetrator/s will be informed of the outcome of the investigation and the reasons why it was concluded that bullying did not take place;
 - Support will be given to the complainant, alleged victim and alleged perpetrator/s if necessary;
 - A meeting will be arranged between the alleged victim and alleged perpetrator to discuss the issues involved if both are agreeable and it is deemed appropriate.
- If the staff member dealing with the complaint concludes that bullying has taken place, the following action will be taken:
 - The complainant, alleged victim and alleged perpetrator/s will be informed of the outcome of the investigation and the reasons why it was concluded that bullying took place;
 - Support will be given to the victim;
 - A meeting will be arranged between the alleged victim and alleged perpetrator to discuss the issues involved if both are agreeable and it is deemed appropriate;
 - A meeting will be held with the perpetrator to discuss the bullying behaviour. They will be informed of the disciplinary action, which will be taken as a result of this bullying behaviour.

Disciplinary action

When the inquiry into the alleged bullying incident has taken place and it has been concluded that bullying occurred, it will be necessary to take some disciplinary action against the perpetrator of the bullying. The disciplinary action should be agreed between at least two staff members of Sanatana

Ireland and should be appropriate to the seriousness of the incident/s. If the perpetrator of the bullying is a child/young person, the parent/guardian of the child/young person and the child/young person will be informed of the disciplinary action which will be taken. If the perpetrator of the bullying is an adult the following people will be informed of the disciplinary action, which will be taken:

- the President of Sanatana Ireland;
- the director of the organisation which the adult works for (if relevant); and
- the perpetrator.

The options for disciplinary action include:

- ❖ For serious incidents involving children/young people, sending the child/young person home and not allowing them to participate in any further Sanatana Ireland's events/activities;
- ❖ For less serious incidents involving children/young people, allowing the child/young person to continue to participate in the event/activity once they have apologised to the victim and stated that they would not engage in any further bullying behaviour. Their behaviour would then be closely monitored;
- ❖ Providing support to the child/young person to get them to understand that their behaviour is not acceptable and monitoring their behaviour;
- ❖ For serious incidents involving a member of Sanatana Ireland, transferring the person out of Sanatana Ireland or transferring them to an area within Sanatana Ireland where they will not have any dealings with children/young people. (All actions taken in relation to Sanatana Ireland member will be in accordance with the Civil Service guidelines on harassment, sexual harassment and bullying and relevant employment law);
- ❖ For offences involving staff/volunteers from other organisations, informing their parent organisation of the offence and not working with that staff member or volunteer again.

APPENDIX 10

Complaints Procedure in relation to working with children/young people

Sanatana Ireland is committed to ensuring the safety and welfare of all children/young people with whom we work. We also try to ensure that children/young people have a positive and enjoyable experience when working with Sanatana Ireland.

This complaints procedure aims to cover any situation which may arise, when children/young people or their parents/guardians are not happy with the way the children/young people were treated while they were in Sanatana Ireland, working with Sanatana Ireland or at an event/activity run by Sanatana Ireland or another organisation on behalf of Sanatana Ireland.

Who can make a complaint

Complaints can be made by:

- Children/young people involved with Sanatana Ireland;
- Their parents/guardians;
- Youth workers/CDB staff members working with the children/young people;
- Other advocates on behalf of children/young people.

How to make a complaint

- 1) If the complaint is in relation to the safety and welfare of children/young people the complaint should be made to the Child Protection Officer in Sanatana Ireland.
- 2) Other complaints should be made to the person with whom the child/young person dealt with. If you prefer, you can make this complaint to the head of the relevant section in Sanatana Ireland.

Information you need to provide

Complaints can be made orally or in writing. By providing the following information you can help to speed up the investigation of your complaint.

- The name and address of the child/young person affected and the project which they were working on;
- If the complaint is being made by a parent/guardian or other adult, the name and address of the parent/guardian or other adult;

- Exactly what you are dissatisfied with;
- The name of the official(s) who dealt with you.
- If your complaint is complicated, you may find it best to put it in writing so that no important detail is overlooked. Remember to send us copies of all relevant documentation/correspondence that you may have.
- If you have special needs that may affect your ability to make a complaint, please let us know at the earliest opportunity. We will make every effort to assist you.

Our standards for dealing with complaints

- If the complaint relates to the safety and welfare of a child/young person, it will be examined in accordance with good practice in relation to the safety and welfare of children/young people;
- We will treat your complaint properly, fairly and impartially and in the best interests of the child/young person;
- We promise that making a complaint will have no implications for your dealings with Sanatana Ireland;
- An official other than those originally involved will examine your complaint;
- We will examine and review your complaint and send a reply to you within 20 working days of the receipt of your complaint. Where it is not possible to meet this target, we will inform you and continue to do so until the matter is resolved;
- We will apologise for any mistreatment of the child/young person, explain what happened and put it right wherever possible;
- We will change the way we do things to avoid making the same mistake in future.

Can you appeal?

If you are unhappy about the outcome of the review you can appeal the matter to the President of Sanatana Ireland within a month of the review.